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COMMUNITY VOICE

Day 2

24 January 2020

Life Of Noora

Hend Mansi
Qatar Academy Doha

You might not know who Noora is, but just to clarify Noora Marafih is our passionate and hardworking video editor, a part of the videography team within Q-MUNITY voice. She is an 18 year old Qatari studying as a senior in American School of Doha. Usually found in the press room working tirelessly to meet the deadline for the videography teams assignments. She had joined the press team because one of her favourite hobbies out of school is film making, seeing a moment rather than seeking it, candid moments where true curiosity is found is one of her priorities. This is her third conference as a video editor. She serves as one of the most important members in videography, if not the entire team. She is the backbone of the amazingly creative videos we present to you in our opening and closing ceremonies. We decided to present Noora to the THIMUN-Q community to praise her work and talents. Noora's role as an editor is to take the clips that her team members in video have captured and put the pieces together. More complicated than you think, she makes specific short videos and



makes them into one story "The videography team captures the moments and I create the story, putting certain clips from different committees and all over the conference to portray the entire experience to the delegates that couldn't experience the conference as a whole." Rarely leaving the press room, constantly stressed out about strict timelines to showcase the videography's hardwork to all members of the conference. Outside of the press team, no one would truly estimate the amount of hours, stress, effort and dedication Noora puts into her role.

For you, as the reader to appreciate Noora and all her efforts one must examine her Life as Noora. "I arrive at 6:30, half an hour earlier than everyone else and an hour and a half earlier than the beginning of the conference. Through the first day we as a video team draft ideas and try to think of bright storylines for the video that haven't been seen or done in the past. To make the post conference as original and unique to this year, 2020's THIMUN-Q as possible. Later that day and throughout the rest of the conference we split up, filling out the

storyline with captured videos that we had discussed previously. Throughout the day we continue to import videos so I can work on them as soon as possible. From the moment I wake up to the moment I sleep through all three days of THIMUN-Q all I think and work on is editing the video until our 12pm deadline on the third day." The post-conference video is one of the most momentous parts of the conference, showcased through the closing ceremony. From October until the opening ceremony, Noora works on thinking, creating and editing for the pre-

conference you see within the opening ceremony. But the post-conference work is different, Noora is put under constant stress, having to work with her team to think of a video and later on edit it in less than 72 hours. Within the press team we constantly praise her for being the backbone of the videography team. The head of videography, Zain Armouti, mentions "her work is hard and we see how she is pushed to her limits, but Noora stays so enthusiastic and inspiring, motivating my team to work and bring the videos we create to the best of their abilities. Yes there's no video without an editor, but there's no video without Noora herself as well."

"But the post-conference work is different, Noora is put under constant stress, having to work with her team to think of a video and later on edit it in less than 72 hours."

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ISEF Qatar Autism

Mohammed Gulzar
Qatar Academy Doha

After winning first place in Qatar, Sama Ayoub and Khadija Elmagarmid qualified as an INTEL ISEF (International Science and Engineering Fair) finalist; the largest science competition in the world hosted by Society for Science. Competing against 1800 students; I placed as 4th in the Grand Awards and won the Special Award presented by Oracle Academy.

In such light, winning these awards put Qatar's name forward in the competition; as it was the first time ever Qatar placed in INTEL ISEF. Our project (DIAGLOW) aimed to enhance the level of communication between autistic children and their parents. Autism is a spectrum disorder which affects certain regions of the brain that control a person's communication abilities as well as their social interaction. Autism's effect on the brain directly limits an Autistic child's ability in

conveying their thoughts, opinions and even expressing their basic needs to their parents. Additional to autistic children verbally expressing their needs, it's a greater challenge for them to use non-verbal methods given their propensity of limited social interaction and a tendency for addiction to digital technology. Therefore our product consists of 2 main components; a physical device for the autistic child and a mobile phone application for the parents. The child's device consists of multiple buttons covered with symbols representing children needs. Once a button is clicked, a message is automatically sent to the mobile application; notifying the parent with the need requested by the child. DIAGLOW utilised raspberry pi 3 (the miniature computer), firebase realtime database and app inventor which, therefore; we competed in the systems software category.

INTEL ISEF was not only a one-day competition

but rather a week filled with science, social events and meeting international competitors. It provided valuable experience ultimately aiding my preparations for university applications. This research project has presented an opportunity to further understand the process of research and development, a vital component of the medical degree they sought to obtain. The project itself also caters to university applications and sets me apart from competing applicants. INTEL ISEF sets itself apart by being an entirely self-driven project. Rather than simply participating in a larger program, this competition forced me to identify a topic of interest, seek out researchers, and lead the project on my own. As a result, I have developed the ability to learn independently and subsequently become a more well-rounded student.

INTEL ISEF was an exhilarating competition which presented opportunities to learn,

explore, and enjoy. Optional engineering classes guided students like me through the various coding programs and downtime lent itself as an opportunity to explore the area. This experience in itself was an opportunity for self-growth, where it has motivated me to continuously work harder towards my passion for science and engineering as well as looking at ways I could benefit my own community. Although this year's team has made great accomplishments; I take this as a learning experience before it is a milestone in my journey, as they plan to also participate in the following academic year with a new project; again with a goal of benefiting the community through utilising my knowledge and skills in multiple fields.

We hope to see more amazing work from students who care about autism awareness like Sama and Khadija!



Conspiracy Theories

Haya Al Kuwari
Qatar Academy Doha

No death, tragedy, or mistake will go unnoticed by the masses. None will take it as it is either without speculating and constructing a conspiracy as to what could've happened, what caused it and what or who's next? Granted, it's not as if the media gives the public what they want, or answer any questions the government doesn't want answered.

I would go over all the conspiracy theories, or the most famous and twisted ones but I'm also sure that most of you have them memorized from every open ended mystery to closed cases. Let's take Princess Diana of Wales, for example,



“Let’s take Princess Diana of Wales, for example, a ‘loved’ public figure in England.”

a ‘loved’ public figure in England. Her story, her death has not rested peacefully after millions speculated that the crash wasn’t such an accident and more so planned. Everyones loves a thrilling story, an open

ended mystery which is why theories surrounding 9/11 for example only intensify as more inputs are brought it.

Delegate of Russian Federation in Environmental

Committee (EC), Arthur Hermann expresses that there was no way that the towers collapsed instantly and there had to be bombs implanted inside the building that detonated as the plane crashed especially with

the short amount of time that they had, it lasted about two hours and it seems almost impossible to comprehend the damage that occurred. The Delegate of Chad, EC, agrees that 9/11 was an inside job.

Name Of Qatar

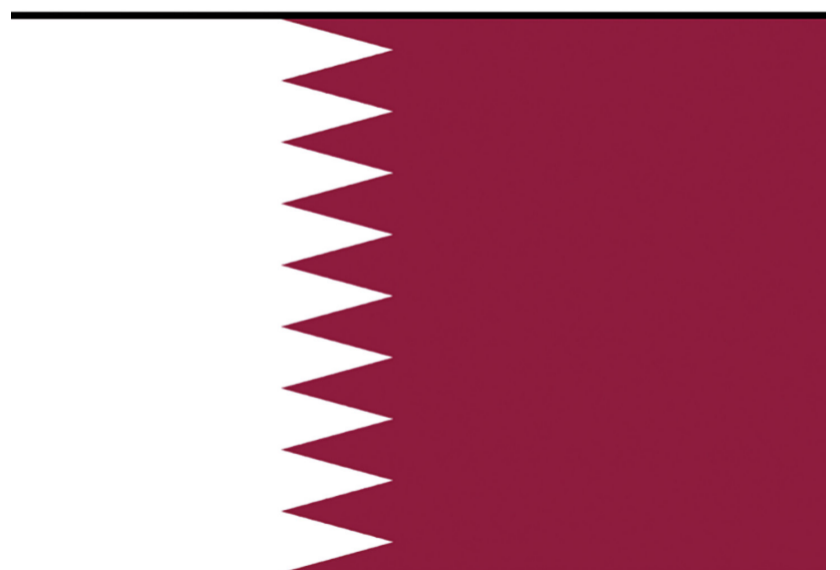
Abdulla Al Nasr
Qatar Academy Doha

Qatar has a very unique English name, one of only four countries in the world to have the letter ‘Q’ and the only country beginning with one. In correct English spelling, a q is always followed by a u. Therefore many people in western countries have issues when trying to say the word Qatar, by saying ‘cutter’ instead. The correct pronunciation is /k t r/ but in a local setting, people refer to Qatar as gitar, confusing even more people. This begs the question, how did such a name come to become the name of

Qatar? The thing is that, nobody really knows. Some say it comes from an Arabian poet, Qatari bin al-Fuja’a, yet most sources believe that his name comes from the place Qatar. Some even say it comes from the Ottoman Empire as a Turkish province name, which is most likely not true. The name may derive from “Qatara”, believed to refer to the Qatari town of Zubara, an important trading port and town in the region in ancient times. The word “Qatara” first appeared on Ptolemy’s map of the Arabian Peninsula yet, unfortunately, there

is no solid evidence to back this claim. Qatar also means diameter in Arabic which could also be traced back to Qatar. In most likelihood, Qatar probably derives from the Arabic word meaning drop of water, as there is more evidence showing that Qatar came from this word.

In the end, Qatar means a lot of things, not only in Arabic but in Turkish and Farsi. Will we know what it actually means, probably not. Is it interesting to see how convoluted and complex a single name can be? 100% yes.



“The word “Qatara” first appeared on Ptolemy’s map of the Arabian Peninsula yet, unfortunately, there is no solid evidence to back this claim.”

Fast and Frugal

Haya Al Kuwari
Qatar Academy Doha

What if I told you that in the first two seconds of you picking up this QMUNITY Article, you consciously knew the outcome of your mood, your reaction, your thoughts? This seems unrealistic, doesn't it? But that one single glance causes a cognitive reaction to what your chain of thought will look like. The concept I'm discussing is a psychological phenomenon known as 'fast and frugal', where a simple look causes a part of our brain to go on a series of instant calculations and before any conscious thought of any sort can take place, we feel something.

Let me tell you about a story I read recently that absolutely fascinated me. An art dealer named Gianfranco Becchina approached The Getty Museum in California with an incredible rare and fascinating archeological discovery. In his possession, was a kouros, a marble statue handcrafted all the way back from sixth century BC Greece worth 10 million dollars. Most of the kouros around the world were in bad shape considering the years of being underground and lost between walls yet the one in Becchina's possession was simply remarkable. It seemed 'fresh' as Thomas Hoving, former director of the Metropolitan Museum in New York put it. J. Paul, the man interested in adding the kouros to the collection, was eager to build up The



Getty's reputation and to fill it with rare finds that will boost the status of the museum. He had scientists and archeologists examine the sculpture for fourteen months to see if it was authentic and they had concluded that it was. Happiness and pride engulfed Paul as he felt accomplished and had many artists and members of the museum view the sculpture first hand before officially being on display. Now let's refer back to Hoving's first words when he saw the sculpture, 'fresh', a seemingly unfitting word to fit a historical piece of art don't you think? Evelyn Harrison was an expert on Greek sculpture and even though her first impression of the kouros

was indistinct, she knew something didn't sit right with her about it. Long story short, the kouros was not authentic unfortunately yet the mind-boggling part of it all was that how could they, in their first two seconds, in a simple glance, understand more about the essence of the statue than the team at the Getty was able to understand after fourteen months? This concept, as fascinating as it is, can also be a major debate topic considering the analytical and the psychological factors that affect it. Many will tell you that you cannot be assured over something unless you collect the data and analyze it to come up with a

reasonable conclusion that validated your theory. However, phenomena like 'fast and frugal' as well as the story of the kouros will contradict that idea completely. It's about the smallest components of our daily routine; how we react and handle new situations, or meeting new people, or confront a complex problem where we have to make a decision under stressful conditions. As part of understanding ourselves, don't you think we pay more attention to those grand themes rather than the specific details of moments that leave us delicately? Malcolm Gladwell, a famous author, brought this idea to my attention in his book 'Blink' where if we took our instincts

seriously and stopped scanning, the horizon would 'change the way wars are fought... the kind of movies that get made, the way police officers are trained... and on and on.' and I couldn't agree

“Evelyn Harrison was an expert on Greek sculpture and even though her first impression of the kouros was indistinct”

Delegate Spotlight

Hend Mansi
Qatar Academy Doha

As a reporting press member we sit in our room and write about issues that are discussed within the conference. Deciding to break out of the box and conversing with interesting people through the conference, was breaking out of the usual comfort zone. Walking through the lunch hall and under the spider during free hour of Day 2, meeting delegates sparked insightful conversations.

Speaking to Esteban Tatis delegating as Venezuela within General Assembly 2, mentioning that he had started MUN because he had been tirelessly bullied throughout primary and middle school. People



had teased him for his low voice when having to participate within class, feeling like he was pushed down. Esteban believed that leaving his box and going out of his comfort zone by joining the MUN world would help him get over his past bullying trauma. He gained several

skills from delegating within THIMUN-Q and other MUN conferences such as good public speaking, communication skills and becoming overall more social; "I feel like I have entered a state where I am able to stand up to whoever had harmed me before, and

"People had teased him for his low voice when having to participate within class, feeling like he was pushed down."

that I finally have a voice."

Finding out about Antonio delegating within General Assembly 6, he had been struggling with ADHD for his entire life, feeling like he didn't have a voice, more specifically that no one would want to listen to him. Seeing and hearing about THIMUN-Q, an international conference within his community where he would meet people who didn't know about his past, be able to communicate and socialize with non-judgemental people who understood his condition and the

implications of having ADHD was the right decision. Joining MUN had changed him for the better as he mentioned that "THIMUN-Q is my safe haven where our background does not matter, simply the world issues and the countries that need our help."

We challenge you, the THIMUN-Q community to interact more further the idea of debate. Whether you are a delegate, press member, admin, student officer or just a director here to look after your students, stop someone walking by and ask them why they joined MUN.

The ICJ

Mohammed Gulzar
Qatar Academy Doha

The International Court of Justice plays an integral role in the process of diplomacy in the United Nations with many international cases being reviewed and decided on within the court. The ICJ also plays an important role in THIMUN Qatar where only the most experienced of delegates are allowed to participate.

This year's debates and verdicts were emotional for all involved as the first verdict and case was regarding the racism case between the United Arab Emirates and the State of Qatar, which was motivated

by the almost 3-year blockade completed by the Saudi-led bloc against Qatar that has separated families, property and has attempted to starve Qatar of food and water. This debate is emotional as many participants and admins lived through the tough part of the blockade where they couldn't contact their family in the other country, hate attacks against Qataris within the blockading states were rampant and people didn't know if food would be available the next day.

Suffice to say, everyone was focused and attentive during the proceedings. While our team entered we saw witnesses giving testimonies which is the

operating procedure for the ICJ. Unfortunately due to the closed nature of the committee, most of the debate cannot be discussed until the last day.

Surprisingly, during preparations of the ICJ, the U.A.E rejected the case and says that it would not abide by the ruling and issued a countercase against Qatar.

"action which might aggravate or extend the dispute before the Court or make it more difficult to resolve. On 22 March 2019, the UAE, in turn, submitted a Request for the indication of provisional measures, in order to "preserve the



UAE's procedural rights" and to "prevent Qatar from further aggravating or extending the dispute between the Parties pending a final decision in th[e] case".

Come to the closing ceremony to see the final verdict!

"This debate is emotional as many participants and admins lived through the tough part of the blockade"

Acid Attack

Abdulla Al Nasr
Qatar Academy Doha

What are the most common reasons behind acid attacks? Acid attacks are one of the most dangerous and easily accessible crimes out there. They are often referred to as a “crime of passion” because their root causes are revenge and jealousy, oftentimes between a couple. Some examples of causes of acid attack violence are the refusal of marriage and sexual rejection. These crimes of passion are most common in the UK, France, Bangladesh, India, Afghanistan, Cambodia, Uganda, and many other places. Why these places? Because acid is sold to anyone in local pharmacies very easily.

Why is it important to give

acid attack violence the awareness it needs? Acid attacks removes the victims facial identity. It gives them a visible scar that they carry with them forever. Giving acid attack violence the awareness it needs leads to more international help given to the victims. International awareness gives women and children, victims of acid attack violence, the confidence and bravery they need to recover. This also gives them the ability to contribute fully to society. By raising awareness this allows societal growth and development in the community which makes it easier for the victims of acid attacks to get out of their shell.

What steps do we have to take to put an end to acid attack violence?

There are many things we can do to help put an end to acid attack violence. An important factor is raising global awareness and teaching people that problems can be resolved through communication instead of violence. One of the ways we can prevent acid attacks is to enforce strict laws to the access of acids. For example pharmacies in the UK, France, Bangladesh, India, Afghanistan, Cambodia, Uganda, and many other places male buying acids easily accessible without any medical prescription or paperwork. Non-profit organizations have started the initiative to stop the sale of acids in pharmacies. This step makes better progress towards cutting down the rate of acid attacks happening all around the world.



“Giving acid attack violence the awareness it needs leads to more international help given to the victims.”

Security Council

Mohammed Gulzar
Qatar Academy Doha

A lot is happening around one of the most important committees in MUN this year, which is the Security Council!

This year in THIMUN Qatar 2020, the Security Council are debating two essential issues that unfortunately have come to the point of immense concern. The deteriorating situation in Afghanistan is unfortunately not improving. Despite this heavy military presence, the death toll from terrorist attacks continues to rise month by month with over 450 civilians killed and over 700 injured in August 2019 alone.

Another key issue that is being debated on within the question of state-sponsored cyber-terrorism and espionage. Incidents of cyber terrorism and espionage continued and remain a major threat to international security. Not only can they create mistrust and paranoia between nations, but also paralyse the organizations and resources core to their economic, social and political stability. This is especially true when such acts are initiated by countries and their related bodies, placing the world’s most sophisticated technology in the wrong hands.

While walking through the room today, our team saw the Security Council initiate a P-5 caucus just after both France and the U.S



vetoed due to a tax clause and furthermore there have also been heated debates on misunderstandings within the committee as the validity whether or not “requesting” would become legally binding or not in the Security Council (it does become binding).

There have also been some ‘roasts’ against China by the United States delegate and vice versa, who have both been at it within debates and is the key rivalry in this committee. It got heated when the delegate of USA pushed a button by hold-

ing them accountable for the concentration camps while the delegate of China denied all allegations.

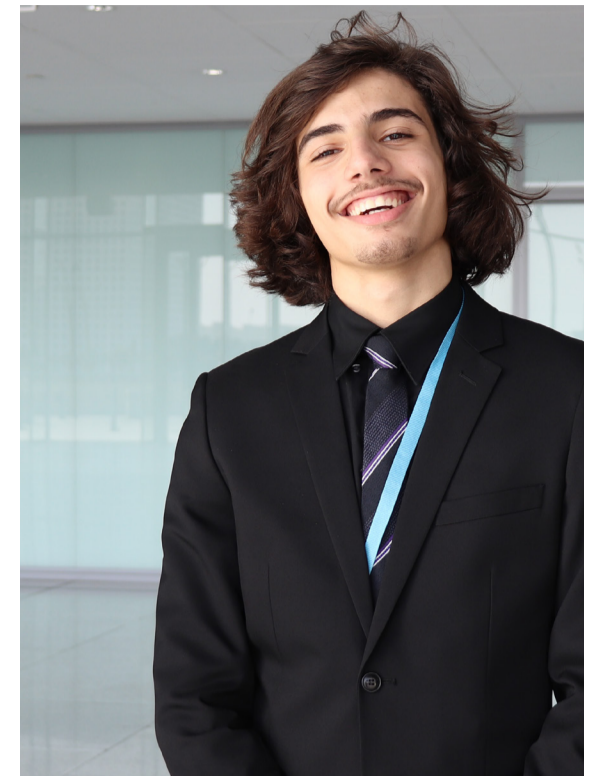
We’re all looking forward to seeing the results of the debates in SC!



Dear UN "What are you doing to handle the situation in the US"



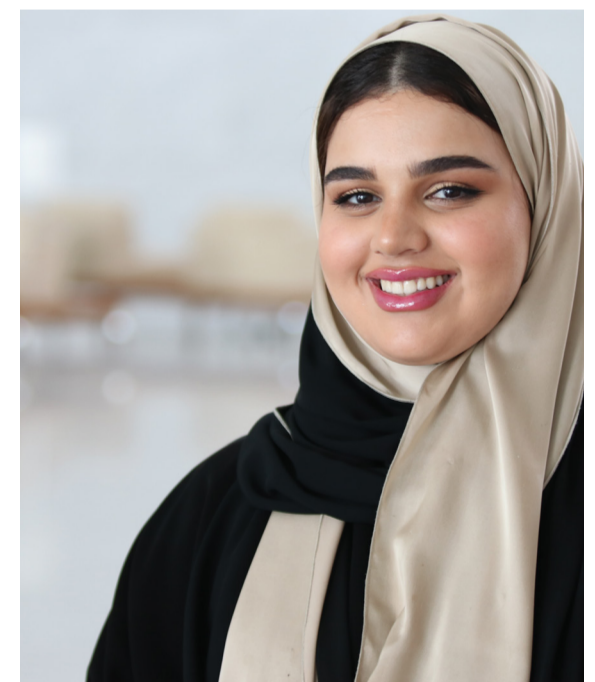
Dear UN "Please solve the Palestinian Conflict"



Dear UN "Help the Syrian refugees struggling, and help Australian fires"



Dear UN "Please look into the negotiation to end the block ade"



Flag Ettiique

Abdulla Al Nasr
Qatar Academy Doha

A flag is a way of representing an entire nation, their culture, people and language. It is generally respected by all and all must abide by its rules. The following are rules on the American flag;

The flag and its likeness should be treated with respect. Its image should not be cheapened or tarnished by improper use.

The flag should not be dipped to any person or thing, including government officials—even the President.

The flag should never be displayed with the union



(stars) down, unless as a signal of dire distress.

The flag should never touch anything beneath it, such as the ground, the floor, water, or merchandise.

The flag should never be carried flat or horizontally, but always aloft and free.

The flag should never be fastened, displayed, used,

or stored so that it might be easily torn, soiled, or damaged in any way.

The flag should never be used as covering for a ceiling.

The flag should never have anything placed on it.

How to dispose a flag; when the flag is in such condition that it is no longer a fitting emblem, it should be destroyed in a dignified and ceremonious fashion, preferably by burning.

Most American Legion posts will conduct an annual ceremony, often on Flag Day (June 14) to retire old or worn flags; contact your local chapter if you are not able to dispose of the flag yourself. You could also ask your local Boy Scouts or Girl Scouts troops about retiring your flag.

Always respect all flags.

Tale of Two Delegates

Haya Al Kuwari
Qatar Academy Doha

The issue of Advocating Women’s Rights in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, a resolution submitted by The Delegate of Canada in the Human Rights Committee 1 (HRC1). The goal of this resolution is to highlight the injustice women have to endure as Arab Muslim Woman in a traditional, close-minded environment.

The Delegate of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Zakaria Amari, called out the Delegate of North Korea, Abe, who believed the resolution had good intentions but was lacking in terms of actual substance and realism of implementation. “In order to

improve human rights all around the world, don’t you think that they would focus on North Korea first as it already has intense issues of women’s

rights there as well?” to which the Delegate of North Korea replied “All of these are allegations made by capitalist pigs around the world that are

simply trying to blemish the name of the great Kim Jong-un, his father before him Kim Jong-il and the Great Kim II-sung”

After an exciting re-vote to extend the Delegate of North Korea’s point of information, the Delegate of Saint Vincent and the Grenadines further inquired about North Korea’s intentions, “What does the delegate of North Korea plan to do to improve human rights around the world and specifically in Saudi Arabia and North Korea when not only women’s rights but human rights in general are being violated?” leaving the committee room shocked, “Again, the delegate of an

irrelevant nation clearly did not hear the delegate before when mentioning these are all allegations made by people with no evidence who don’t understand the wishes of the great leader.”

An exciting viewpoint of Model United Nations is the actual reality that this is all roleplay but it truly shows how motivated and passionate delegates are to be a part of a simulation that challenges their political and communicative skills. This debate truly showed what it takes for a student to embody a nation’s laws and beliefs and express that through debate.

*The picture placed is not the delegates mentioned.



Trendy Diets

Hend Mansi
Qatar Academy Doha

Are trendy diets worth the hype? Being trendy conflicts with your personal choices, but in this case, it technically doesn't. Leading a healthy life is so important and the fact that it's going mainstream now is really good news for our society. Lots of people are hopping on the bandwagon and it's helping them lead better lives. But are all healthy trends good for us?

It's good to take care of yourself and understand your body's functions and needs. With the new health trends, it's really important to understand what's good and what's not good for you

personally. Each person is different, so we have to be careful about how we adjust our lifestyles. Let's take the keto diet for example. This diet supposedly helps people lose a lot of fat in a short amount of time. It does do what it claims to do, but if people don't follow this diet consistently, they gain all the weight that they lost back and more.

Another famous example is veganism. Being a vegan means that people don't eat meat or dairy products. A vegan's diet is based on fruits, veggies, nuts, and many other animal-free foods. Many vegans practice veganism because they believe that humans don't need meat and dairy to live, and that being a vegan contributes to saving the environment.



Although this diet has its perks, it has a lot of cons on the people who practice it. Cutting off meat and dairy means that you have to replace your sources of vitamins and nutrients with alternative foods, or else their health would decline. This diet is hard for many people because

meat and dairy have been staple foods in their daily meals for a long time. Researching diets and lifestyles to check if they suit you is very important. Going to a specialist and asking for advice is even better. You have to do what your body wants from you, not what the trends say.

“Each person is different, so we have to be careful about how we adjust our lifestyles.”

Dear UN

Fatima Rizwan
The Next Generation

Dear UN,
As a woman, this world is not a safe zone unless I create one for myself. In today's society, raising awareness about issues concerning women is a conscious step that many think twice before taking. This is simply because of the lack of importance it is given.

An individual's basic necessity is good health. Without it, sustainable development isn't possible. Violence against women affects their reproductive, physical and mental health. This can affect young girls early on and holds them back

from reaching their true potential

Women play an important role in all aspects whether it be creating generations of change makers to their contribution in a progressing economy. However, they are held back by the lack of representation on international forums.

While progress has been made in the form of constant awareness about reproductive rights, there needs to be action taken by women for women. During THIMUN's opening ceremony the Dutch Ambassador remarked, "At the end of the day, women know best about their health". For this, we



need a seat at the table. In a society where women's health issues are silenced due to traditional beliefs, it is important to empower women to raise their voice and create a safe space. This can happen by giving agency to women

from these areas.

The advocacy to put an end to child marriages and giving access to sanitary products in rural areas for young girls will result in informed generation of women who

speak up against violence and discrimination.

This platform acts as a voice for all nations and it is about time policies concerning women and young girls are voiced out by women themselves.

Crisis In Education

Fatima Rizwan
The Next Generation

Malcolm X once said, "Education is the passport to the future, for tomorrow belongs to those who prepare for it today".

It gives an individual the power to think critically and challenge social beliefs around them.

A 21st century concept: Education, a human right, is accessible to all and the advancements made in technology have resulted in positive learners, who perceive education as their strongest weapon because it prepares them to tackle global challenges in society.

Despite the progress we've made, that's not the case today. The right to education is still a struggle, students strive for the perfect grades

because it's a measure of their self worth and the education system heavily relies on textbook learning.

While there may be a majority of schools that have started to inculcate an environment where students can involve themselves in extra curriculars, but it is never at the expense of their studies. Now this wouldn't be wrong if the curriculum incorporated subjects that centers around global learning - a curriculum that focuses on preparing global citizens, rather than the straight A shining stars.

This might be an unflattering view but being confined in a classroom with a textbook, learning about marketing strategies or the advantages of a floppy disk isn't really creating learners. It does not broaden their perspective

because they aren't given an opportunity to apply this treasured knowledge in the real world and knowledge about outdated technology certainly does not prepare them for the technologically advanced 21st century.

Not to be too critical, but the flaws in the education system are rapidly killing a learner's creativity. When the journey consists of a single path that leads to making their parents proud by getting the perfect grades, getting in a reputable university and having a stable job, it's difficult to explore any other path. Hence it is no surprise that the 21st century life of a student is rather grey. A delegate said "I'm striving to get all As. I honestly need it and it'll make my parents happy"

There are various education systems around

the world and while the fight to make them effective carries on, there is one common aspect shared by all: Teaching to the test. In conversation with the delegation of Argentina she had an interesting take "The current education system conditions individuals to memorise rather than learn".

To incorporate the 21st century concept, it's important to shine light and gain inspiration from institutions that are actively bringing change in their curriculum. Universities are removing the required standardised testing because they understand a certain SAT score is not an effective measure of their capabilities. Various schools are reducing assessments and testing students through project based learning and it has resulted in empowered students who believe in

their ability to bring a change.

I recognised the importance of experiential learning in The Next Generation school. Being part of this community with a faculty that views students as potential leaders rather than just a roll number is what makes it so unique. My mentor and English teacher, Ms Ailia Rizvi showed me the value of real life experiences. The assignment was to write on the Terracotta Warriors and google was our saviour but she took us to a museum that showcased these sculptures. We sat around and reflected on the historic aura around us. Rather than writing an ordinary analysis, we wrote personal pieces that reflected the definition of experiential learning.

The primary purpose of education is to empower students through knowledge and create change makers, not a standard set of students.



"I'm striving to get all As. I honestly need it and it'll make my parents happy"

Best Dressed

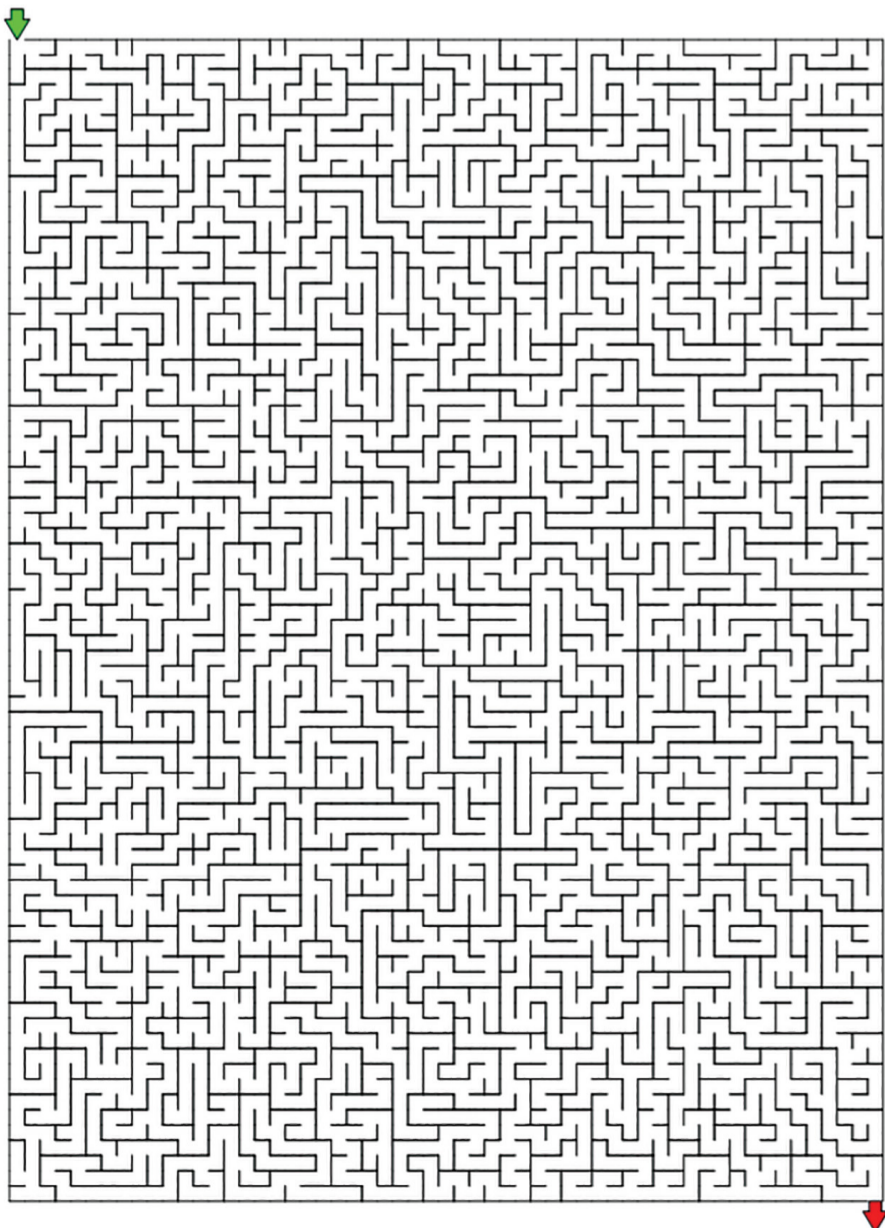


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SUSTAINABLE
 CYBERCRIME
 HEALTHCARE
 EDUCATION
 WELLBEING

AGRICULTURE
 BIOTECHNOLOGY
 TRAFFICKING
 DRUGCONTROL
 ECOSYSTEMS

ATOMICRADATION
 SECURITY
 ESPIONAGE



	1		5				
		9	7		4	2	
		5					7
5				3			7
	6			2		4	1
		8			5		
1		4					
2		3					9
	7					8	